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CLOUDY

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# **ANGRY SOLDIERS** TAKE PRISONER FROM TOWN JAIL

They Batter Down Door and Attempt to Lynch Offending Negro.

THEIR VICTIM IS SAVED BY ARRIVAL OF TROOPS

Camp Is Thrown Into Excitement Following Attack on Militiaman at Carnival.

ARMED GUARDS ON PATROL

Sensational Climax of Day on Which Governor Stuart Reviews State Forces.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Gordonsville, Va., July 25.-Armed guards patrol the streets of Gordons ville to-night to prevent rioting, following the rushing of troops into town from camp to frustrate an attempt to lynch James Addison, a half-witted negro, who, it is alleged, made a murderous attack on a militiaman at the carnival grounds. The arrival of the relief party was just in time, as the infurlated comrades of the injured man had succeeded in battering down the flimsy door in the small town fail While the negro was rushed from town by guards, eighty men under Captain Ramey took charge of the situation, and, after putting on a patrol, rounded up all stragglers and brought them back to camp. At 11 o'clock the situa-tion had quieted down, and no further

back to camp. At 11 o'clock the situation had quieted down, and no further trouble is expected.

Addison, who is a stable hand in the town, is said to have threatened a noncommissioned officer in one of the regiments, and then attacked him. The militianan was hit with a rock, and a fight began, in which the negro was beaten up. He was arrested by the civil authorities and rushed to jail, followed by several hundred of the State volunteers. A battering ram was improvised from a wagon tongue and the frail door speedily broken down. The arrival of the troops saved the negro from rough handling, if not from being summarily punished.

Under orders of Colonel Wilder, U. S. A., all militiamen in town were picked up by a provost guard, commanded by Captain Bowman, Company M, Second Regiment, brought back to camp and turned over to their commanded.

NO MEETING HELD DURING DAY

fer of shelter in a near-by ambulance, and never flinched as the water beat down upon him in sheets. His example worked magic with the youthful soldiers, and they passed the stand in unbroken lines. As the troops filed back to camp, the rain stopped as quickly as it had started and the sur resumed. as it had started, and the sun resumed

rhat of Governor Stuart was the unexpected appearance of Major-General Leonard Wood, U. S. A., commander of the Department of the East, former chief of staff, and the ranking officer of the national military establishment. General Wood was here just long enough to tour the camp in

just long enough to tour the camp in Curtiss, Lieutenant Forte and Will an automobile and converse on military Cash, the personal representative of topics with the higher officers.

It is generally believed that the visit has a deep significance, and it formed take time to one of the chief topics of conversation among both officers and enlisted The visitor arrived while the mo the morning month.

The visitor arrived while the morning drill was in progress, and few knew of his presence until he left on a midday train for Governors Island, N. Y., where his headquarters are located.

All field and staff officers were the guests of Colonel and Mrs. Allen Potts greatly to might at their headtful beautiful head. early to-night at their beautiful home hear this town. The reception was in honor of the Governor, and it was one of the principal social events among

the summer colony here.

Among the other visitors to-day are
Adjutant-General and Mrs. W. W. Sale. is the first visit of General Sale

Fails to Bring Parties Together



troops reached the grounds and the brigade came up on front, the long expected rain arrived. The Governor was dressed in a light-weight suit and wore a straw hat. He refused the offer of shelter in a near-by ambulance, and never flinehed as the water heat of the ground strains. OF ORANGE STRENGTH great outlet for the Michael States. SAVY VESSELS ENTER numbering several thousand men, was held here to-nigth. All the men carried rifles, and their equipment including the same properties.

Rodman Wanamaker. properly, and to make changes sug-gested by the experiments of the past

Suffragists Want Gold and Silver Triokets in Aid of Cause.
Chicago, July 25.—Appeal to the women of the nation to give up their gold and silver trinkets to the cause of equal suffrage was made to-day by the general committee of the American National Woman's Suffrage Association. The appeal signed by Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Mrs. Medill McCormick and other suffrage leaders, told of the need of funds to carry on effective suffrage campaigns.

of funds to carry on effective suffrage campaigns.

The committee plans to have the gold and silver contributions converted into money and hopes that in this way at least \$50,000 can be raised before August 1.

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

## **ENORMOUS SUMS** COLLECTED HERE

Eastern Virginia Aggregate \$1,518,604.71.

Increase in Volume of Export Trade.

That over \$1,500,000 was collected in shown by the annual statistical report just completed by Norman R. Hamilton, collector of customs for the district, with headquarters at Norfolk. These duties were collected at the ports of Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News and Petersburg. There are also customs offices at other points in Virginia, including Cape Charles, Reedville, West Point. Yorktown and Chincoteague. The business for the most part at these offices has to do with the registration of vessels, enforcement of navigation laws and other matters coming under the Department of Commerce, for which the Collector of Customs acts. The report by Collector Hamilton is the first annual consolidated report to be made since the custims reshown by the annual statistical report port to be made since the custims re-organization, July 1, 1913, when the several customs districts in Virginia were merged into one. RICHMOND COLLECTED

RICHMOND COLLECTED

MORE THAN HALF

Of the customs receipts of \$1,518,694.71 in the entire State for the fiscal
year ended June 30, 1914. Richmond
collected the sum of \$584,180.49, Newport News collected \$312,434.58, Petersburg collected \$177,715.43 and Norfolk
collected \$43,274.21. The heavy import
collections at Richmond and Petersburg
were largely on tobacco with the collections at Richmond and Petersburg were largely on tobacco, while the large imports at Newport News were on various imports coming into that port for distribution over the Chesapeake and Ohia Railway to various interior cities. The import duties collected at Norfolk, though smaller than at the other points, were mostly on goods for home consumption, and do not in anyway indicate that less business is done at Norfolk than at the other ports. On the contrary, out of the total year's imports in the district, amounting in value to \$7,481,566, Norfolk imported goods valued at \$2,834,569, and of the total exports sent out during the fiscal year valued at \$29,908,836. Norfolk exported goods valued at \$19,533,855.

With the part of t HAMPTON ROADS

Collector Hamilton's report for the fiscal year just ended shows that there were a total of 466 ships to enter Hampton Roads ports with cargoes from foreign ports, of which number 286 came into Norfolk and 180 into Newport News, During the same period a total of 1.756 vessels cleared from Norfolk and Newport News with Cargoes for foreign ports of which cargoes for foreign ports, of which number 1,198 left the port of Norfolk and 588 the port of Newport News. There were a total of 3,373 vessels to enter the ports of Norfolk and Newport News from domestic ports, of which number 2,323 enterel at Norfolk and .050 entered at Newport News A total of 2,264 vessels cleared for domesti ports, of which number 2,105 cleared from Norfolk and 159 from Newport News. There was collected during the year in tonnage taxes \$45,687.54, practically all from foreign vessels, of said it was advisable to rebuild the machine to make changes sug-texperiments of the past.

APPEAL TO WOMEN OF NATION

Many people whe thought that Victorial and her sister States raise all of the tobacco that is manufactured within the bounds of the Old Dominion will doubtless be surprised to know that approximately \$750,000 is collected annually by the government in customs duties upon tobacco that is imported into this country for manufac-Virginia plants. This duty is d by the government at Rich-

# JUDGE CHALLENGES **COLLEAGUE TO DUEL**

Government Import Duties for Particularly French Atmosphere Lent to Caillaux Trial by Quarrel of Jurists.

MUCH TOBACCO IS SHIPPED PRISONER SWOONS IN COURT

Collector Hamilton Predicts Big Reading of "Mysterious" Love Letters Causes Total Collapse of Accused Woman.

Paris, July 25 .- The chief judge customs duties in this district of Vir- challenging one of his colleagues to a ginia during the last fiscal year is duel, the reading of the "mysterious" letters, which were supposed to affect the case so profoundly, and the physi-cal collapse in court of Mme. Caillaux

cal collapse in court of Mme. Caillaux were three incidents which to-day stirred the emotions in connection with the trial of Mme. Caillaux for the murder of Gaston Calmette.

A peculiarly French atmosphere was lent to the affair by the quarrel of the judges. This was added to by the piquant contents of the former Premier's love letters, whose recital before the public caused the prisoner to fall unconscious, and to remain for a long time in a swoon.

Beyond the reading of the letters, little progress was made, and it generally was expected the trial would extend far into next week.

A challenge to a duel was sent today by Judge Louis Albanel, presiding judge of the court trying Mme. Henriette Caillaux for the wilful murder of Gaston Calmette, to Judge Louis

of Gaston Calmette, to Judge Louis
Dagoury, one of the inree other judges
sitting on the bench with him.
Preparations for the duel, however,
have been suspended until the decision
of the court has been rendered as to
whether they may fight. The two
judges sat side by side to-day without
speaking.

Judges sat side by side to-day without speaking.

The quarrel arose out of an incident which occurred at the Palace of Justice late last night, but the nature of which could not be ascertained. The seconds appointed by Judge Albanel are General Jules Dalstein, former military governor of Parls, and Emile Bruneau de Laborie.

TOTALLY COLLAPSES

"My Dear Little Riri (an affectionate diminutive for Henriette):
"When I met thee, I felt the impulsion of all my being toward thee. I was unhappy. I was humiliated and was unhappy. I was humiliated and wounded. I threw myself towards the nefarious passion. With splendid courage thou hast reconquered thy liberty, asking of me but one promise-to give thee my love. There was between an other person and myself such a dif-ference of character."

HER BODY SHAKEN WITH NERVOUS TREMORS While this portion of the letter was being read, Mme. Calliaux disappeared completely behind the side of the pris-oners' inclosure, and her crouched body was shaken with nervous tremors. The reading continued:

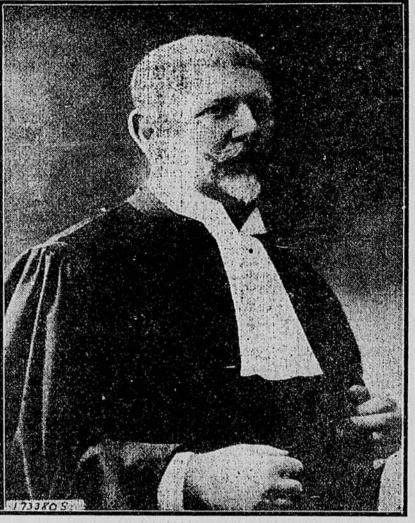
"We have everything to fear from, woman's fury."
M. Caillaux, in his missive, then entered into details of the local politi-cal situation and other matters, and said he thought he might not enter the contest at the general elections fo IS BROUGHT HERE | the Chamber of Deputies in 1910.

The second letter, sixteen pages in length, was begun on October 18, 1269, and finished on the following day. It was written on the official note paper of the prefecture of the Department of the Sarthe, and said: "My Beloved Little Riri: At last I have a minute to write

thee. Then followed a long account of a collected by the government at Richmond and Petersburg. Much Turkish and Arabian tobaccos are imported into

Thou must be very reasonable and stay at Dinard for the present. only one thing—blackmail. Perhaps some one will make a scandal. Some-times I am very discouraged. What a (Continued on Fourth Page.)

### WORLD FAMOUS LAWYER DEFENDS MME. CAILLAUX



MAITRE LABORI. Underwood, New York.

conference promised recognition to the government set up by agreement between the two factions. The Constitutionalists hope the coming parleys will those of a "national disgrace," says

of Servia, involving the other powers
and making of the war a struggle of
Slav against Teuton for European supremacy. serve as a substitute for parleys pro-posed by the mediators. Secretary Bryan has indicated that on the nature By resolution introduced i posed the agreement reported would depend whether recognition was extended. Although the Brazilian minister is in constant communication with the State Department, he has made no retence to uneasiness in Mexico City concerning the Zapata forces.

BRITISH REAR-ADMIRAL

CONFERS WITH CARRANZA Tampico, July 24, via Laredo Texas, uly 25.—Rear-Admiral Sir Christopher Craddock, of the British navy, held a lengthy private conversation here toeriddock, of the British navy, held a lengthy private conversation here today with General Carranza, when he called to pay his respects to the Constitutionalist chief. No announcement in regard to the conference was made. Sir Christopher was accompanied by his chief-of-staff, Captain Phillip Franklin, and others of his officers, but they were not present at the confer-ence. General Caballero, Governor of Tamaulipas, and Isidro Fabela, Acting Secretary of Foreign Relations, were with Carranza at the conference. Later the British officers returned to

the cruiser Suffolk, which will sail to-night for Vera Cruz, carrying Cunard throat. Cummins, former British vice-consul at Torreon, who recently had an un-official conference with General Carranza at Monterey.

Rear-Admiral Mayo, of the American Navy, was also accompanied by his staff when he paid a brief visit to Gencontinued On Fourth Page.)

Continued On Fourth Page.)

Continued On Fourth Page.)

Continued On Fourth Page.) eral Carranza to-day. Admiral Mayo thanked General Carranza for the con-

Harrison, Governor-General Secretary Minnesota.
the nature By resolution introduced in the House

to-day, he asks for the appointment of a special House committee of live annexed Bosnia, and the German Emmembers to investigate the rule of peror, stepping to the side of his ally, Governor-General Harrison, and see how far civil service laws governing appointments and promotions in the Austria and Servia are both islands have been observed; whether Spanish-American War been dismissed on political grounds only, and to what extent the efficiency of the Island government has been im-

### WANTS FORCIBLE FEEDING Becky Edelson Takes Rations Abund-

dantly on the Sly.

New York, July 25.—Becky Edelson, militant orator of the Industrial Work-

ers of the World, who pretended to go on a hunger strike at the workhouse this week, wants forcible feeding or freedom. Workhouse physicians, convinced she had taken rations abund-antly on the sly, examined her again, and found her healthy and hopeful still

### ATTEMPTS TO KILL KHEDIVE

Member of His Suit Promptly Shoots

Assailant.
Constantinople, July 25.—As the Khe-

# **AUSTRO-SERVIAN ALMOST CERTAIN**

Diplomatic Relations Between Two Countries Formally Broken Off.

ANSWER TO ULTIMATUM IS NOT SATISFACTORY

Darkest Cloud on European Horizon Since 1911 Arises Suddenly.

ARMY ORDERED TO MOBILIZE

Attitude of Russia in Quarrel Is Vital Question to Powers.

Vienna, July 25 .- Diplomatic relations between Austria-Hungary and Servia were formally broken off tonight. War is regarded by the public

as almost a certainty. The Servian government waited until the last moment left it by the terms of the note, and only ten minutes before the hour of 6, when the Austria-Hungarian ultimatum expired, did the

scrian ultimatum expired, did the Scrvian Premier appear at the legation and present his government's reply to the Austrian minister, Baron Giesl von Gleslingen.

No details of the tenor of the reply have been revealed here, but the terse statement was made that it was "unsatisfactory."

Immediately upon receiving the rete

satisfactory."

Immediately upon receiving the note, the Austrian minister informed the Foreign Office, and diplomatic relations were broken off. Half an hour later, the minister and his staff, with their families, had boarded a train for Austrian territory. The train was in readiness to depart, as an unfavorable reply to the Austrian demands had been expected.

of Servia, involving the other powers Reports from St. Petersburg say that the Russian army is mobilizing, but it is to be remembered that Russia

as was said, "in shining armor" put a Austria and Servia are both mobilizing, but the silence of all the dis-

veterans have patches on the subject preparations indicates clearly that an fron-clad censorship has been established in both countries.

The Servians have decided not to attempt to defend Belgrade, the gar-

rison having already been withdrawn, according to reports, and the seat of the government removed from grade to Kraguyevatz, a strong strategic point sixty miles to the south. Servia's refusal to humiliate itself to the extent its big neighbor has distated was not unexpected. The Serbs have been proud since their success in the late Balkan War, and the government which acceded to such de-mands as Austria's could not last; even

the dynasty would be imperiled. Servia's little ally, Montenegro, seems de-termined to cast its lot with its NATIONS HANDICAPPED

BY TROUBLES AT HOME Servian partisans abroad advance the theory that Austria has made up her mind to dispose of her neighbor, which has long been a thorn in her side, and bles-Russia with a great strike, France with a political upheaval, and